Name:	
PC: Determinants of Square Matrices	

Date:_____ Ms. Loughran

Do Now:

1. Determine if B is the inverse of A.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -17 & 11 \\ -1 & 11 & -7 \\ 0 & 3 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{and} \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 4 & -3 \\ 3 & 6 & -5 \end{bmatrix}$$

Determinants help us to see if a matrix is invertible. If $d \neq 0$ then the matrix is invertible (has an inverse).

Remember: If
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix}$$
 then the determinant of A det $(A) = |A|$ is $ad - bc$.

Find the determinant of each matrix.

1.
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -3 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

2.
$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 4 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$3. \quad C = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & \frac{3}{2} \\ 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

The determinant of a matrix of order 1×1 is defined simply as the entry of the matrix.

4.
$$A = [-2]$$

Finding the determinant of a 3×3 matrix

- 1. Expand matrix by rewriting the matrix with first and second column repeated at the end.
- 2. Multiply along the diagonals running left to right, and add up numbers.
- 3. Multiply along the diagonals running right to left, and add up numbers.
- 4. Subtract what you got in step 3 from what you got in step 2.

5.
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 2 & 1 \\ 3 & -1 & 2 \\ 4 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$6. \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 3 & -7 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 4 & -6 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

7.
$$C = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & -1 & 2 \\ 4 & 0 & 6 \\ -2 & 3 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

8.
$$D = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 8 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \\ -4 & 5 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

9.
$$E = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 9 \\ 0 & 5 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

10.
$$F = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & a & b \\ 0 & c & d \\ 2 & x & y \end{bmatrix}$$

11. What value of *x* makes the determinant -4?

$$\begin{bmatrix} -2 & 0 & 0 \\ -6 & x & 1 \\ -4 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Homework: Textbook p. 634 #s 1-15 odd