

Do Now: #s 7 and 10 from Exercise Set B in Friday's packet

$$7. \frac{1}{\tan x - \cot x} = \frac{\sin x \cos x}{2\sin^2 x - 1}$$

$$\frac{\cos x \sin x}{\cos x \sin x \frac{\sin x}{\cos x} - \cos x \frac{\cos x \sin x}{\sin x}}$$

$$\frac{\cos x \sin x}{\sin^2 x - \cos^2 x}$$

$$\frac{\cos x \sin x}{\sin^2 x - (1 - \sin^2 x)}$$

$$\frac{\cos x \sin x}{\sin^2 x - 1 + \sin^2 x}$$

$$\frac{\cos x \sin x}{2\sin^2 x - 1} = \frac{\sin x \cos x}{2\sin^2 x - 1}$$

$$10. \frac{1 + \frac{1}{\cos x}}{\cos x} = \frac{\tan^2 x}{\sec x - 1}$$

$$\frac{\cos x + 1}{\cos x}$$

$$\frac{\frac{\sin^2 x}{\cos^2 x} \cos^2 x}{\frac{\cos^2 x}{\cos^2 x} - 1 \cos^2 x}$$

$$\frac{\sin^2 x}{\cos x - \cos^2 x}$$

$$\frac{1 - \cos^2 x}{\cos x - \cos^2 x}$$

$$\frac{(1 + \cos x)(1 - \cos x)}{\cos x(1 - \cos x)}$$

$$\frac{1 + \cos x}{\cos x}$$

$$\frac{1}{\cos x} + \frac{\cos x}{\cos x}$$

$$1 + \frac{1}{\cos x} = \frac{1}{\cos x} + 1$$

Continuing in Exercise Set B ...

$$9. \frac{\sin x}{\sin x} \frac{\sin x}{(1 + \cos x)} + \frac{(1 + \cos x)}{(\sin x)(1 + \cos x)} = 2 \cot x \sec x$$

$$\frac{\sin^2 x + 1 + 2 \cos x + \cos^2 x}{(1 + \cos x)(\sin x)}$$

$$2 \cdot \frac{\cos x}{\sin x} \cdot \frac{1}{\cos x}$$

$$\frac{1 + 1 + 2 \cos x}{(1 + \cos x)(\sin x)}$$

$$\frac{2 + 2 \cos x}{(1 + \cos x) \sin x}$$

$$\frac{2(1 + \cos x)}{(1 + \cos x) \sin x}$$

$$\frac{2}{\sin x} = \frac{2}{\sin x}$$

$$12. 2 \cos^2 x - 1 = \frac{1 - \tan^2 x}{1 + \tan^2 x}$$

$$\frac{\cos^2 x - \sin^2 x}{\cos^2 x}$$

$$\frac{\cos^2 x + \sin^2 x}{\cos^2 x}$$

$$\frac{\cos^2 x - \sin^2 x}{\cos^2 x + \sin^2 x}$$

$$\frac{\cos^2 x - \sin^2 x}{1}$$

$$\cos^2 x - \sin^2 x$$

$$\cos^2 x - (1 - \cos^2 x)$$

$$\cos^2 x - 1 + \cos^2 x$$

$$2 \cos^2 x - 1 = 2 \cos^2 x - 1$$

$$13. \frac{\cos x}{\tan x} = \csc x (1 - \sin^2 x)$$

$$\frac{\cos x}{\sin x} \frac{\cos x}{\cos x}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sin x} (1 - \sin^2 x)$$

$$\frac{1}{\sin x} \cdot \cos^2 x$$

$$\frac{1}{\sin x} - \sin x$$

$$\frac{\cos^2 x}{\sin x}$$

$$\frac{1 - \sin^2 x}{\sin x}$$

$$\frac{\cos^2 x}{\sin x} = \frac{\cos^2 x}{\sin x}$$

$$\frac{\cos x}{\sin x} \cdot \cos x$$

$$\cot x \cdot \cos x$$

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3. $(\sin A + 1)(\csc A - 1) = \cos A \cot A$

$$\begin{aligned} & (\sin A + 1) \left(\frac{1}{\sin A} - 1 \right) \\ & \cancel{1} + \frac{1}{\sin A} - \sin A - \cancel{1} \\ & \frac{1}{\sin A} - \sin A \\ & \frac{1 - \sin^2 A}{\sin A} = \frac{\cos A \cdot \cos A}{\sin A} \\ & \frac{\cos^2 A}{\sin A} = \frac{\cos^2 A}{\sin A} \end{aligned}$$

4. $(1 + \csc \theta)(1 - \sin \theta) = \cot \theta \cos \theta$

$$\begin{aligned} & \left(1 + \frac{1}{\sin \theta} \right) (1 - \sin \theta) \\ & \cancel{1} + \frac{1}{\sin \theta} - \sin \theta - \cancel{1} \\ & \frac{1}{\sin \theta} - \sin \theta \\ & \frac{1 - \sin^2 \theta}{\sin \theta} = \frac{\cos \theta}{\sin \theta} \cdot \cos \theta \\ & \frac{\cos^2 \theta}{\sin \theta} = \frac{\cos^2 \theta}{\sin \theta} \end{aligned}$$

8. $\frac{\cos \theta + \cot \theta}{\cos \theta \cot \theta} = \tan \theta + \sec \theta$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{\cos \theta + \frac{\cos \theta}{\sin \theta}}{\cos \theta \cdot \frac{\cos \theta}{\sin \theta}} \\ & \frac{\sin \theta \cos \theta + \frac{\cos \theta}{\sin \theta} \sin \theta}{\sin \theta \frac{\cos^2 \theta}{\sin \theta}} \\ & \frac{\sin \theta \cos \theta + \cos \theta}{\cos^2 \theta} \\ & \frac{\cos \theta (\sin \theta + 1)}{\cos^2 \theta} \\ & \frac{\sin \theta + 1}{\cos \theta} \\ & \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta} + \frac{1}{\cos \theta} \\ & \tan \theta + \sec \theta = \tan \theta + \sec \theta \end{aligned}$$

Pythagorean Identity

11. $\frac{1 + \tan^2 \theta}{1 - \cos^2 \theta} = \sec^2 \theta \csc^2 \theta$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{\sec^2 \theta}{\sin^2 \theta} \\ & \sec^2 \theta \cdot \frac{1}{\sin^2 \theta} \\ & \sec^2 \theta \csc^2 \theta = \sec^2 \theta \csc^2 \theta \end{aligned}$$

14. $\frac{\cos \theta \sin \theta + \cos \theta}{\cos^2 \theta} = \tan \theta + \sec \theta$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{\cos \theta (\sin \theta + 1)}{\cos^2 \theta} \\ & \frac{\sin \theta + 1}{\cos \theta} \\ & \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta} + \frac{1}{\cos \theta} \\ & \tan \theta + \sec \theta = \tan \theta + \sec \theta \end{aligned}$$