

## Do Now: #s 1 and 2

Name: \_\_\_\_\_  
 PC: Circle Practice

Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Ms. Loughran

Use the information provided to write the standard form equation of each circle.

1)  $8x + x^2 - 2y = 64 - y^2$

$$\begin{aligned} x^2 + 8x + 16 + y^2 - 2y + 1 &= 64 + 16 + 1 \\ (x+4)^2 + (y-1)^2 &= 81 \end{aligned}$$

center:  $(-4, 1)$

$r = 9$

2)  $137 + 6y = -y^2 - x^2 - 24x$

$$\begin{aligned} x^2 + 24x + 144 + y^2 + 6y + 9 &= -137 + 144 + 9 \\ (x+12)^2 + (y+3)^2 &= 16 \end{aligned}$$

center:  $(-12, -3)$

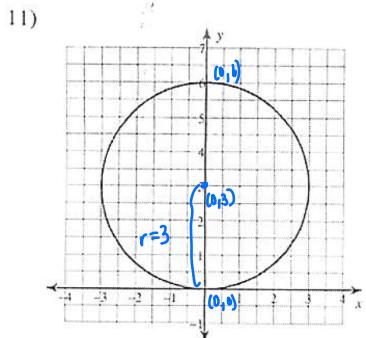
$r = 4$

### Continuing on the Circle Practice sheet...

$$(x-h)^2 + (y-k)^2 = r^2$$

center:  $(h, k)$

$r = \text{radius}$



$$x^2 + (y-3)^2 = 9$$

15) Center:  $(-15, 3\sqrt{7})$   
 Area:  $2\pi$

and radius

$$\begin{aligned} A &= \pi r^2 \\ 2\pi &= \pi r^2 \\ 2 &= r^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$(x+15)^2 + (y-3\sqrt{7})^2 = 2$$

17) Center:  $(-5, 12)$   
 Circumference:  $8\pi$

$$C = 2\pi r$$

$$8\pi = 2\pi r$$

$$8 = 2r$$

$$4 = r$$

$$(x+5)^2 + (y-12)^2 = 16$$

# Homework 04-15

## Practice

*Problems 1-3: Find the center and radius of each circle below.*

1.  $(x - 3)^2 + (y - 2)^2 = 16$

$$\underline{C: (3, 2) \quad r=4}$$

2.  $(x - 1)^2 + (y + 3)^2 = 4$

$$\underline{C(1, -3) \quad r=2}$$

3.  $(x + 2)^2 + (y - 5)^2 = 1$

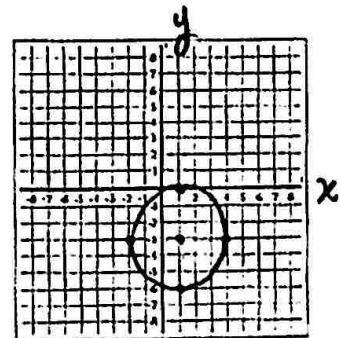
$$\underline{C(-2, 5) \quad r=1}$$

*Problems 4-5: Graph the following.*

4.  $(x - 1)^2 + (y + 3)^2 = 9$

$$C(1, -3)$$

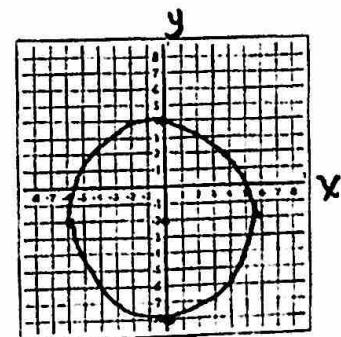
$$r=3$$



5.  $x^2 + (y + 2)^2 = 36$

$$C(0, -2)$$

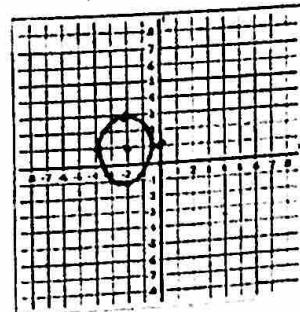
$$r=6$$



6.  $(x + 2)^2 + (y - 1)^2 = 4$

$$C(-2, 1)$$

$$r=2$$



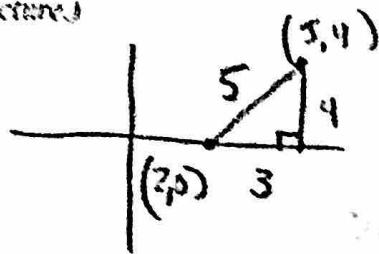
7. Write the equation of a circle in standard form that has a radius of 5 and a center at  $(3, -2)$ .

$$\underline{(x-3)^2 + (y+2)^2 = 25}$$

8. Write the equation of a circle in standard form that has a radius of 2 and a center at  $(-1, -4)$ .

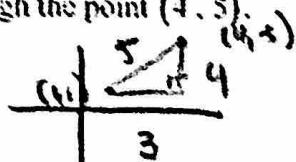
$$\underline{(x+1)^2 + (y+4)^2 = 4}$$

9. Write the equation of a circle in standard form that passes through the point  $(5, 4)$  and has a center at  $(2, 0)$ .  
(Draw a picture)



$$\begin{aligned} r &= 5 \\ \text{or} \\ d &= \sqrt{(5-2)^2 + (4-0)^2} \\ d &= \sqrt{3^2 + 4^2} \\ d &= \sqrt{9+16} = \sqrt{25} = 5 \end{aligned}$$

10. Write the equation of a circle whose center is at  $(1, 1)$  that passes through the point  $(4, 5)$ .



$$\begin{aligned} r &= 5 \quad \text{or} \quad d = \sqrt{(4-1)^2 + (5-1)^2} \\ C(1,1) \quad d &= \sqrt{3^2 + 4^2} \\ d &= \sqrt{9+16} \\ d &= \sqrt{25} = 5 \end{aligned}$$

$$\underline{(x-1)^2 + (y-1)^2 = 25}$$

11. Find the radius of a circle with equation:

$$x^2 - 6x + y^2 + 10y = 2$$

$$x^2 - 6x + 9 + y^2 + 10y + 25 = 2 + 9 + 25$$

$$(x-3)^2 + (y+5)^2 = 36$$

$$\underline{r = 6}$$

12. Write the equation of the circle in standard form:

$$x^2 - 10x + y^2 - 8y = -32$$

$$x^2 - 10x + 25 + y^2 - 8y + 16 = -32 + 25 + 16$$

$$(x-5)^2 + (y-4)^2 = 9$$

$$\underline{(x-5)^2 + (y-4)^2 = 9}$$

13. Write the equation of the circle in standard form:

$$x^2 + 4x + y^2 + 6y = 0$$

$$x^2 + 4x + 4 + y^2 + 6y + 9 = 4 + 9$$

$$(x+2)^2 + (y+3)^2 = 13$$

$$\underline{(x+2)^2 + (y+3)^2 = 13}$$

14. Write the equation of the circle in standard form:

$$x^2 - 2x + y^2 - 4y - 3 = 0$$

$$x^2 - 2x + 1 + y^2 - 4y + 4 = 3 + 1 + 4$$

$$(x-1)^2 + (y-2)^2 = 8$$

$$\underline{(x-1)^2 + (y-2)^2 = 8}$$