Name:	Date:
AP Calc AB: Second Derivative Test	Ms. Loughran
Do Now:	
For 1 and 2, locate the relative extrema of each.	
1. $f(x) = x^2 - 3x + 3$	
$2. f(x) = \cos x$	
3. Find the open interval on which f is concave up and on which f $f(x) = x^3 - 8x^2 + 5$	is concave down:
Second Derivative Test:	
1.	
2.	
Note:	

Using the second derivative test, find the local extreme values of each.

1.
$$f(x) = x^3 - 12x - 5$$

2.
$$f(x) = 3x - x^3 + 5$$

3.
$$f(x) = x^3 + 3x^2 - 2$$

$$4. \quad y = xe^x$$

5.
$$y = x^5 - 80x + 100$$

6.
$$y = 3x^5 - 25x^3 + 60x + 20$$

7. $y = xe^{-x}$