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PCH: Using Matrices to Solve Systems of Linear Equations

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We can use matrices as a streamlined technique for solving systems of linear equations.

Model:

$$x - 2y + 3z = 9$$

1. Given:  $-x + 3y = -4$

$$2x - 5y + 5z = 17$$

**Coefficient Matrix**

**Augmented Matrix**

**\*constant terms are not included**

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**To solve a linear system of equations we will use an augmented matrix.**

**To solve a matrix we use the elementary row operations that we discussed.  
Remember the 3 elementary row operations are the same three operations that we used to solve the linear systems of equations by elimination.**

Let's get back to solving the system.

**This last matrix is said to be in row-echelon form. The term echelon refers to the stair step pattern formed by the nonzero elements of the matrix. To be in row echelon form, a matrix must have these properties:**

- 1. All rows consisting entirely of zeros occur at the bottom of the matrix.**
- 2. For each row that does not consist entirely of zeros, the first nonzero entry is 1 (called a leading 1).**
- 3. For two successive (nonzero) rows, the leading 1 in the higher row is father to the left than the leading 1 in the lower row.**

**A matrix in row-echelon form is in *reduced row-echelon form* if every column that has a leading 1 has zeros in every position above and below its leading one.**

2. Solve the following system using matrices:

$$x + y - 5z = 3$$

$$x - 2z = 1$$

$$2x - y - z = 0$$

3. Solve the following system using matrices:

$$x - 2y + z = 7$$

$$3x + y - z = 2$$

$$2x + 3y + 2z = 7$$

**Steps:**

1.

2.

3.

## Practice

Solve each of the following using matrices.

$$\begin{aligned}x + y + z &= -2 \\ 1. \quad 2x - 3y + z &= -11 \\ -x + 2y - z &= 8\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}x + y + z - 6 &= 0 \\ 2. \quad 2x - 3y + 4z - 3 &= 0 \\ 4x - 8y + 4z - 12 &= 0\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}x + 2y + z &= 3 \\ 3. \quad 2x - 3y + 2z &= -1 \\ x - 3y + 2z &= 1\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}x - 2y - 3z &= 2 \\ 4. \quad x - 4y + 3z &= 14 \\ -3x + 5y + 4z &= 0\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}x - 3z &= -2 \\ 5. \quad 3x + y - 2z &= 5 \\ 2x + 2y + z &= 4\end{aligned}$$